

Himmler Aides Sentenced

Three Germans Jailed As Spies for Soviet

Karlsruhe, West Germany (AP)—The Federal Supreme Court yesterday sentenced former West German intelligence official Heinz Felfe to 14 years' hard labor for having spied for the Soviet Union.

Hans Clements, 59, one of Felfe's two co-defendants, received 10 years' hard labor; the third accused, Hans Tiebel, was sentenced to three years.

The panel of five judges found Felfe, 45, and the other two guilty on all charges brought against them by the federal prosecutor.

Felfe was head of the counter-espionage section of the federal intelligence service, often called the Gehlen Organization because it is headed by former Wehrmacht general **Reinhard Gehlen**.

Government officials have hinted that the trial will result in a shakeup of Gehlen's department. Gehlen, a government spokesman said last week, will

remain at the helm of the organization.

Felfe, Clements and Tiebel are former members of Heinrich Himmler's SS who worked for the Nazi counter-intelligence service.

During their two-week trial the prosecution alleged that Felfe passed on the names of West German agents to the Soviet Union. Many of them were reported arrested as a result of Felfe's tip-offs.

Felfe and Clements said they flew in U.S. military planes to Berlin for meetings with their Soviet contact man, referred to throughout the trial as "Max."

Clements made no secret of his hate for "Americans and all things American." He said it resulted from the U.S. bombing of his home city of Dresden during the war.

He and Felfe also stated that up to 1956 they received U.S. pay and privileges while spying for the Soviet Union. Felfe was said to have received 150,000 marks (\$38,000) from the Russians.

Sentence Bonn Aide

Berlin (AP)—The Supreme Court of East Germany yesterday sentenced Hans Globke, chief aide of Chancellor Konrad Adenauer, to life imprisonment at hard labor for crimes against humanity and war crimes.

The sentence was read in Globke's absence. The presiding judge, Heinrich Toeplitz, standing under a large Communist plaque, handed down the verdict "in the name of the people."

The evidence produced at the 11-day show trial consisted largely of documents and films made in Nazi times. The prosecution claimed they showed Globke, as a high official of the Nazi Interior Ministry, was an initiator of legislation that provided the basis for the persecution of the Jews.

The 64-year-old State Secretary of the Federal Republic, was condemned as an accomplice in the extermination of 6,000,000 Jews.

Yesterday's final proceedings were televised in a live transmission over the East European network.

Defense counsel submitted on Globke's behalf a record of testimony he gave at a postwar Allied war-crimes trial and the text of a television interview in which he claimed he stayed at his post at the urging of the Roman Catholic Church to mitigate the effect of the Nazi racial laws.

Both Globke and the Adenauer Government have denied persistent Communist charges that Globke had a key role in the Nazi terror.